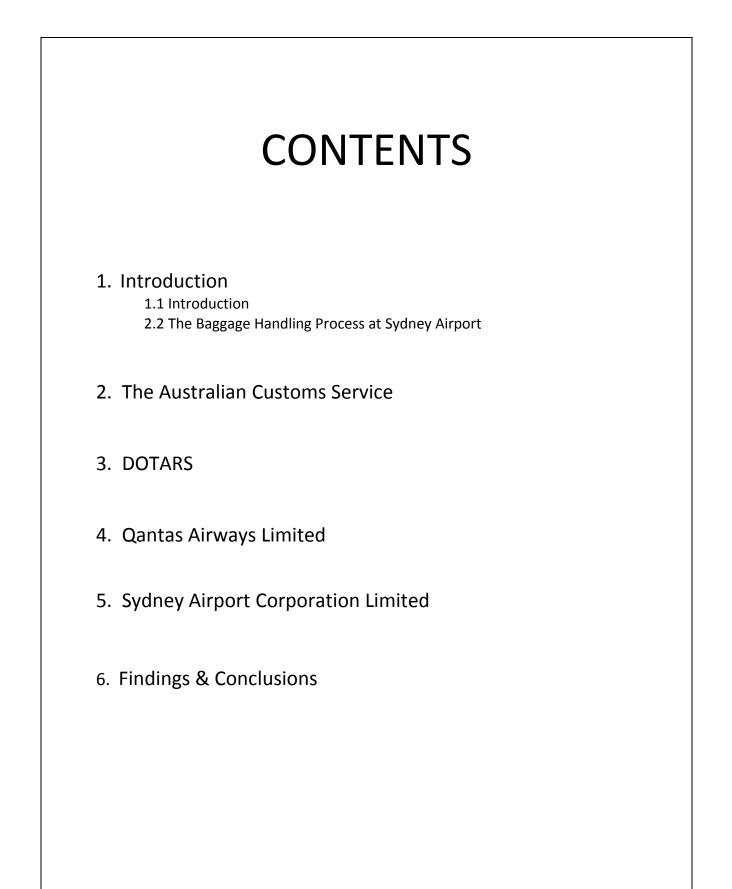
Strictly Confidential © The Hidden World Research Group **Supplementary Report** To The Expendable Project Report "Exceptions At Australian Airports With Respect To The Schapelle Corby Case"

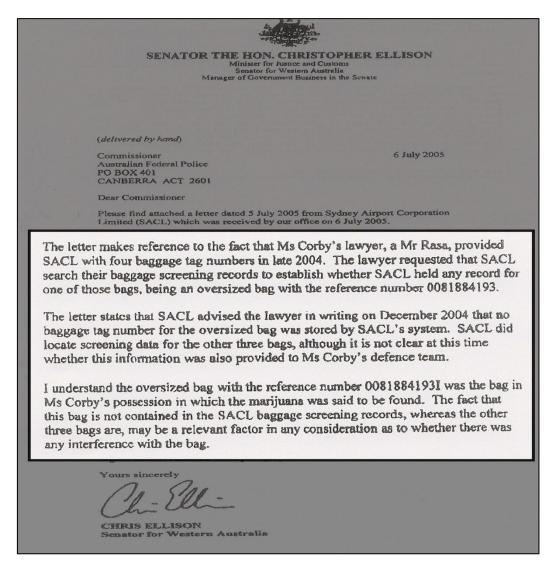
The Expendable Project www.expendable.tv



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The Transit Report showed that Schapelle Corby's boogie-board bag was the only bag not screened at Sydney airport. It proved that both the government and the Australian Federal Police were well aware of this fact. The following letter, from Justice & Customs Minister Christopher Ellison, illustrates this:



It further proved that when Schapelle Corby's lawyers asked them about it, this vital primary evidence was withheld. Indeed, Schapelle Corby and her family were totally unaware of it until *The Transit Report* was published, in September 2011.

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It also showed that screening was mandatory for 100% of baggage on flights to Indonesia, that criminal airport staff were smuggling drugs in the same baggage area when Schapelle Corby's baggage passed through, that her bags were 5kg overweight on the Qantas system but that no charge had been levied, and that the AFP and others produced a range of demonstrably false stories to explain missing CCTV footage from three airport terminals.

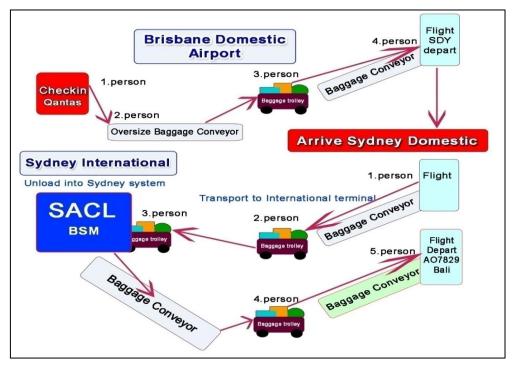
This supplementary report, however, examines the role of those organizations with responsibility for the carriage of Schapelle Corby's baggage, and their reaction to the discovery that only the boogie-board bag had not been screened.

1.2 BAGGAGE HANDLING PROCESS AT SYDNEY AIRPORT

The process at the Sydney airports was for Qantas to unload the luggage from the domestic flight, and take it to the SACL area at the international terminal for screening.

On release from SACL, Qantas handling staff would then take the luggage to the baggage holding area for the outgoing flight to Bali.

The following diagram illustrates the handling of Schapelle Corby's baggage from Brisbane through to Bali.



The following sections cover those parties with responsibility for at least one aspect of carriage, or management of the baggage, from its arrival at the Sydney domestic terminal.

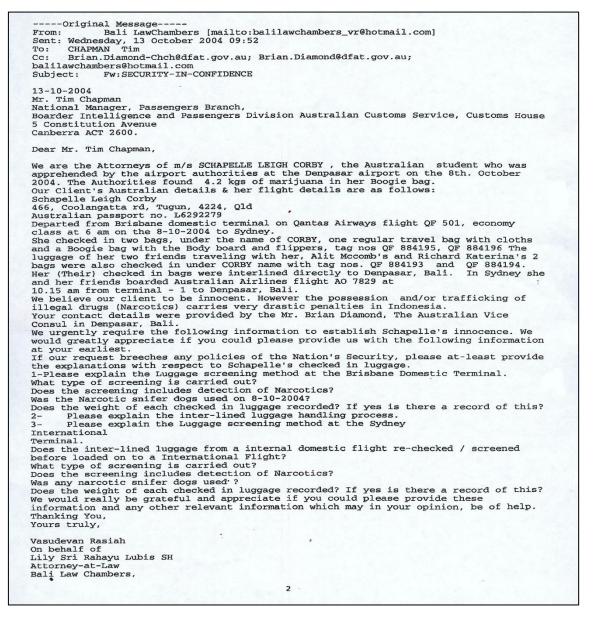
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2. AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS SERVICE

The Australian Customs Service held prime responsibility, on behalf of the government and nation, to prevent cross border transfer of illegal items, including drugs and explosives.

However, the documentation demonstrates that, from the outset of the Schapelle Corby case, their prime objective was to distance themselves from any responsibility, and effectively, remove themselves from involvement.

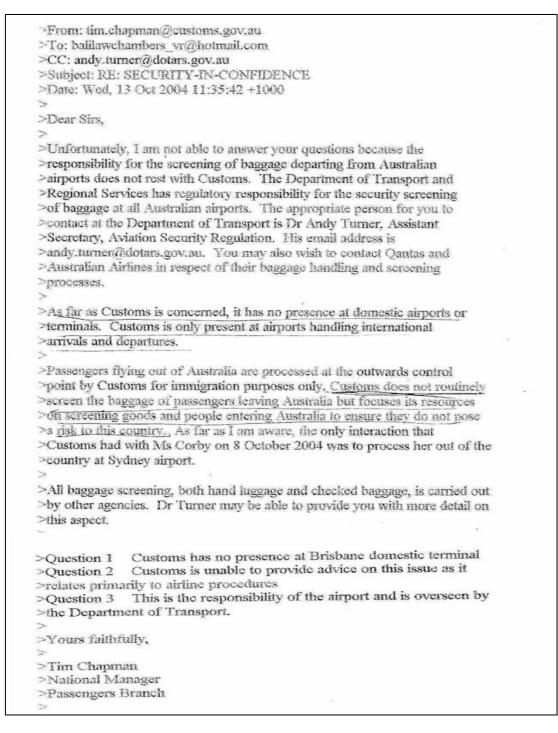
The following email was received by Customs just five days after Schapelle Corby's arrest:



This asked very clear and pertinent questions about the bag screening process, an issue which might be considered to be of fundamental importance to a customs department. But, immediately, Customs sought to deflect the matter to other parties:

Lehn Antonia Crutchlev Leigh From: Wednesday, 13 October 2004 7:39 PM Lehn Antonia Sent: To: FW: SECURITY-IN-CONFIDENCE Subject: ____ From: Gough Ross Sent: Wednesday, October 13, 2004 7:38:53 PM To: Turner Andy Cc: Crutchley Leigh; Frazer Mike; Tongue Andrew Subject: RE: SECURITY-IN-CONFIDENCE Auto forwarded by a Rule Andv You sent your mail to Hilary Mackay. Did you mean to do this? Or did you mean to send it to Hilary Manson?. [If I may be allowed a personal observation: I would have thought that all 3 questions were ones for Qantas. Do we really want to be the channel for Qantas' explanations?] Ross ----Original Message-----From: Turner Andy Sent: Wednesday, 13 October 2004 11:49 AM To: Crutchley Leigh Cc: Frazer Mike; Mackay Hilary; Hallinan Ross; Hoitink Robert; Whitbread Susan; Tongue Andrew; Yuile Peter; Hirst Jan; Nightingale Chris; tim.chapman@customs.gov.au; 'Craig.Chittick@dfat.gov.au'; Gough Ross Cubicat, EW, SECURITY TA: CONFIDENCE Subject: FW: SECURITY-IN-CONFIDENCE Leigh, Here we go. Please note classification Tim has attached to this exchange and treat it accordingly Tim rang me to discuss the exchange in the e-mail below and his reply: I agreed to him providing my name as there is no doubt this case is going to find its way to us sooner or later. Given that the inquiry is by what appears to be legal representatives for Ms Corby, : recommend you clear any advice in reply with the Legal Office (Hilary as first point of contact). However, we need to promptly and unequivocally establish that our security measures have no role to play in the detection of narcotics leaving I Australia. Andy From: tim.chapman@customs.gov.au [mailto:tim.chapman@customs.gov.au] Sent: Wednesday, 13 October 2004 11:03 AM To: Turner Andy Subject: FW: SECURITY-IN-CONFIDENCE -----Original Message-----Andy, DFAT put these people on to me. However, when you look at the questions, it is pretty clear that they don't relate to Customs processes but fall more in your bailiwick. I propose to send responses along the lines of our talking points and to indicate that DOTARS has ultimate regulatory responsibility for outwards baggage screening. I wasn't proposing to give them your name, but could do so if you wished. I suggest you contact Phillip Brown who is in the consular area at DFAT 1

The following letter was sent to Schapelle Corby's lawyer in reply:



On the vital issue of screening, Mr Chapman unhelpfully directed the lawyer to *"other agencies*".

The next contribution from Customs was equally evasive of responsibility:

		O. AUS CUS	TRALIAN TOMS SERV	VICE	
hief Exc	utive Officer			Canh	Customs House erra City ACT 2601
			- Đ	Cano	
	Senator the Hon Ch Minister for Justice Parliament House	ris Ellison and Customs			
	CANBERRA ACT	2600		74	
	Dear Minister				22.2
	I am aware that Ms call a number of ne understand that a been cited as one o	w witnesses if Customs repre f these possibl	esentative from le witnesses.	Brisbane airport	
	From a Customs vi				
-	Ms Corby flew from operated by Qanta through-checked t Brisbane. There is which is completel	s to Sydney. V o Bali when sh o no Customs I y separate from	be boarded the opresence at Bris m the internatio	domestic flight in bane domestic t nal terminal.	erminal,
	Customs did not e Sydney airports.				or
	Moreover there wa Ms Corby's flight (as no Customs AO 7829) from	examination of Sydney to Den	any baggage on pasar on 8 Octob	per 2004.
	As far as I am awa Ms Corby on 8 Oc movement out of	are, the only in tober 2004 wa the country wh	teraction that C is to check her p then she left from	Customs had with passport and reco n Sydney airport.	n ord her
	Customs provideo representatives (E	lali Law Cham	Dersj on 10 occ	5551 F	
	In the light of this able to provide ev	s, I do not belie idence that is	relevant to Ms (cers of Customs Corby's defence.	would be
	Yours sincerely		14 -		
	L B WOODWARD	nd .			
	6 July 2005				
	107		×.,		
	Tel	ephone: 02 6275	6800 Facsimile	: 02 6275 6796	

Subsequently, whilst again abrogating any responsibility for themselves, they described the screening process as follows:

AUSTRAL CUSTOMS SERVICE Chief Executive Officer Customs House Canberra City ACT 2601 Hotman Paris & Partners Summitmas Tower 1, 18th Floor Jalan Jenderal Sudirman Kavling 61-62 Jakarta 12069 INDONESIA Dear Sirs, I refer to your facsimile dated 11 July 2005. The answers to your questions are: Customs does not routinely check the baggage of passengers 1. leaving Australia but focuses its resources on screening goods and people entering Australia to ensure they do not pose a risk to this country. Baggage examinations are performed only by exception on outwards flights where Customs has specific information or a specific risk is identified. As noted above, Customs standard operation is not to routinely 2. check passenger baggage on departing flights. Customs did not x-ray any passenger baggage on Flight AO7829 3. from Sydney to Denpasar on 8 October 2004. Australian airports are privatised entities and at each major airport there is a screening authority or authorities established who have the legal obligation to clear persons and their baggage where those persons and /or that baggage is being carried on a screened air service, such as an international passenger flight like the one Ms Corby took from Sydney to Denpasar. In the case of the International terminal at Sydney Airport, the legally established screening authority is Sydney Airport Corporation Limited (SACL). SACL then contracts a private firm to undertake mandated security screening procedures. Much of this process is automated. Telephone: 02 6275 6800 Facsimile: 02 6275 6796

It is the airline's responsibility (in this case Qantas) to present checked bags to the screening authority, and the screening authority then undertakes the checked baggage screening process. At the time Ms Corby flew out of Sydney, 100% checked baggage screening was being applied to passenger flights to Indonesia. Customs understands from the Department of Transport and Regional Services that Ms Corby's lawyers have already been in contact with SACL about baggage reconciliation. Because of the arrangements in place at Sydney airport in relation to who undertakes the screening process (outlined above), it is not possible for the Australian Government to provide the name of the officer who was operating the x-ray screening equipment that would have screened baggage on flight AO 7829 on 8 October 2004. Details of the individual persons operating x-ray equipment on that day should be sought from SACL The document was prepared in late 2003 to early 2004 by a 4. Customs officer in an operational role for the purposes of identifying potential vulnerabilities to the border in the airport environment. It is a classified document and is not being publicly released by Customs. . 5. The Sydney Morning Herald article of 10 June you refer to involved the alleged participation of a baggage handler in interstate drug running on domestic flights. Customs was not involved in this matter. Responsibility for the arrest of drug traffickers lies with the Australian Federal Police or the state or territory police in the state where the offence took place. 6. The contact details for Commissioner Keelty have been provided separately. Yours sincerely (L B WOODWARD) 12 July 2005

The Australian Customs Service offered no further help, or substantive information, to Schapelle Corby or her lawyers.

3. DOTARS

The Department of Transport & Regional Services (DOTARS) provided a clear overall picture of the process:

	Australian Government Department of Transport and Regional Services
Alicentation	Tepartment in Hanspill Cano Regional Services
File Reference: 1 Contact Name: 1	P2003/0008 Darree Crossble
Australian GPO Box 4	Federal Police Commissioner Federal Police
Subject:	Checked Baggage Screening Process for Ms Corby's Baggage
Dear Mr K	eelty
I mentor to se	our letter of 11 July 2005 concerning information on the process involved g Ms Corby's checked baggage on flight AO 7829 on 8 October 2004.
In response	to your queries I provide the following:
	*2
How the 4	h baggage item of Ms Corby's was handled?
Ms Corby's	ment of Transport and Regional Services (DOTARS) understands that s lawyers have already been in contact with SACL about baggage on.
[words from	n Ellison letter] - Need to insert wording.
SACL may was handle	be able to provide you with more information on how the 4 th baggage item d.
	14
The proce	ss used for checked baggage screening
The proces	s for CBS that would have applied to flight AO 7829 is as follows:
 Baggag the CB tag ban 	te arriving on a domestic flight for an international transfer is injected into S in-line baggage handling system (BHS). The BHS identifies the baggage code as it relates to a particular flight. Cleared bags are then transferred appropriate aircraft baggage containers;
being r transfe	red bags or those bags not identified by the BHS (due to the barcode not ead) are checked through a supplementary CBS machine and then red to aircraft baggage containers. This is a manual process, requiring scanning of the baggage tag barcode.
Deviation	processes from the normal checked baggage screening process
CBS avea	anuary 2005 a percentage of bags on International flights were subject to pt where specific threat or intelligence dictated a need to require to be performed. As advised above 100% CBS was being applied to

Gaps in the	checked baggage screening process
Specifically i	lieves that there are opportunities present in the CBS process. In relation to CBS processes that are manual in nature. Where there is wement there is potential for opportunities to be created during the CBS
checked bagg due to the im international tighter proces	in Government decisions are in line with international treatments for gage. If anything the Australian Government approach is strengthened plementation of the 100% CBS requirement a full year prior to the implementation date. The Australian Government continues to introduce fures across industry, including the 7 June 2005 decisions on a range of ich will harden activity at Australian airports.
SACL's inab in-line syster	ility to implement the Australian Government's decision in relation to an a by 1 January 2005 poses a potential inconsistency in the system.
does appear to	ot subject to an in-line CBS system are manually processed, this system o offer an area of potential weakness. Where ever human involvement is re is the potential for system failure.
Yours sincere	ly
	45 (•)
Michael J Tay	ylor
Secretary	
Department of	f Transport and Regional Services
July 2005	

This confirmed that:

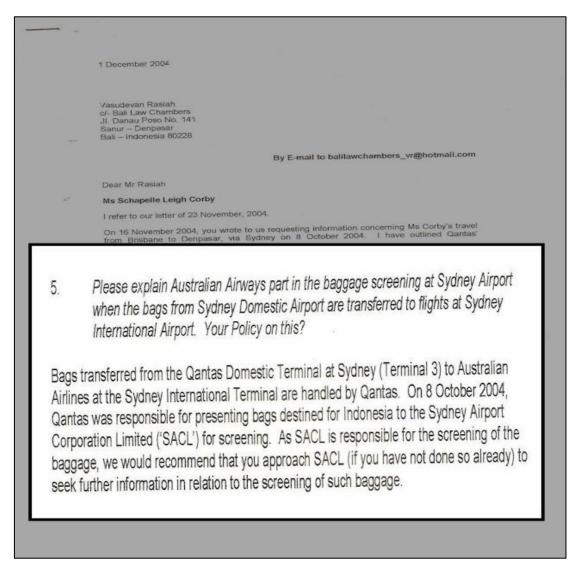
- All bags destined for Indonesia were mandated to be screened "100% CBS was being applied to passenger flights to Indonesia")
- The boogie-board bag would have been manually screened ("*Oversized bags...* are checked through a supplementary CBS machine")
- The system was patently open to abuse and corruption (eg: "*potential for* opportunities to be created", "a potential inconsistency in the system", "area of potential weakness", "potential for system failure").

The recipients of this, AFP Commissioner Keelty and Justice & Customs Minister Ellison, already knew that Schapelle Corby's boogie-board bag, and only that bag, was not screened, or even present on the SACL system at all. As did SACL itself.

This was the final substantive contribution by the Department of Transport & Regional Services.

4. Qantas Airways Ltd

The first formal contribution by Qantas was dated 1st December 2004. Question 5 is the first manifestation of their position on the baggage screening issue. This was, essentially, to pass responsibility to Sydney Airport Corporation Ltd (SACL):



By directing Schapelle Corby's lawyer to SACL "to seek further information in relation to the screening of such baggage" Qantas clearly implied delivery to that organization of Schapelle Corby's bags, including the boogie-board bag.

There is no indication whatsoever that the bag might not have been provided, by Qantas staff, to SACL for screening.

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NOTE: Schapelle Corby checked in normally, without fuss or surcharge. However, when the Qantas records were subsequently examined, they showed the baggage to be 5kg overweight on the system. Hence, either she had inexplicably not been charged (approx \$175) in excess baggage, or the weight had been added after check in, perhaps to take account of the addition of 4.2kg of marijuana.

As Qantas will have been well aware of their own weight thresholds, they must have been aware of this anomaly. However, when asked directly about the weight of the bags, they only provided details of the overall weight:

	1 December 2004
	1 December 200-
	Vasudevan Rasiah
	c/- Bali Law Chambers JI. Danau Poso No. 141
	Sanur – Denpasar Bali – Indonesia 80228
	By E-mail to balilawchambers_vr@hotmail.com
	Dear Mr Rasiah
2	Ms Schapelle Leigh Corby
	I refer to our letter of 23 November, 2004.
	On 16 November 2004, you wrote to us requesting information concerning Ms Corby's travel from Brisbane to Denpasar, via Sydney on 8 October 2004. I have outlined Qantas'
ex The c	the collective weight of all the bags taken available now? Please provide. If no, please plain why? What is your Policy on this? plective weight of the bags carried by Ms Corby and her accompanying passengers i
ex The co availa In acc	the collective weight of all the bags taken available now? Please provide. If no, please plain why? What is your Policy on this? ollective weight of the bags carried by Ms Corby and her accompanying passengers i ble. ordance with the Policy outlined above, Ms Corby's baggage was checked-in with tw
ex The ca availa In acc other	the collective weight of all the bags taken available now? Please provide. If no, please plain why? What is your Policy on this? ollective weight of the bags carried by Ms Corby and her accompanying passengers i ble. ordance with the Policy outlined above, Ms Corby's baggage was checked-in with tw passengers with whom she was travelling. The luggage was checked through t
ex The co availa In acc other Denpa bagga As the show other	the collective weight of all the bags taken available now? Please provide. If no, please plain why? What is your Policy on this? ollective weight of the bags carried by Ms Corby and her accompanying passengers is ble. ordance with the Policy outlined above, Ms Corby's baggage was checked-in with tw passengers with whom she was travelling. The luggage was checked through t asar from Brisbane Domestic Airport and therefore, Ms Corby, did not collect he age at Sydney Domestic Airport and re-check it at Sydney International Airport. e check-in documentation sent to you on 23 November indicated, Ms Corby's record that she checked-in 4 bags at a total weight of 65 kilograms on behalf of herself and tw passengers. (Please note that the accompanying passenger names were redacted
ex The co availa In acc other Denpa bagga As the show other	the collective weight of all the bags taken available now? Please provide. If no, please plain why? What is your Policy on this? ollective weight of the bags carried by Ms Corby and her accompanying passengers i ble. ordance with the Policy outlined above, Ms Corby's baggage was checked-in with tw passengers with whom she was travelling. The luggage was checked through t asar from Brisbane Domestic Airport and therefore, Ms Corby, did not collect he age at Sydney Domestic Airport and re-check it at Sydney International Airport. e check-in documentation sent to you on 23 November indicated, Ms Corby's record

Again, Schapelle Corby and her family were totally unaware of this until *The Transit Report* was published, in September 2011.

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5. Sydney Airport Corporation Ltd

On being pressed by Schapelle Corby's lawyer for information on baggage screening, Justice & Customs Minister Ellison wrote to SACL on 27th June as follows:

295-197 (12 15-17) 15-17)	
Senator for W	CHRISTOPHER ELLISON stice and Customs /estern Australia ant Business in the Senate
	CEO Office Rec
05/5965	- 4 JUL 200
03/3903	Sydney Alroot Ref Ho.
Mr Max Moore-Wilton AC	againet Auport Her Aut
Executive Chairman and Chief Executive	
Sydney Airport Authority Airport Central	
PO Box 63	
MASCOT NSW 1460	
2 7 JUN 2005	
10.1	
Dear Mr Moore-Wilton Man,	
I am writing to you regarding a request from la currently appealing her conviction in Indonesia	awyers representing Schapelle Corby, who is a for drug related offences.
Ms Corby's lawyers have asked the Australian of any Sydney Airport staff who had contact w 8 October 2004 (the date she departed Australi persons may be asked to give evidence in Ms o video-link from Australia.	vith Ms Corby and/or her luggage on Friday, ia for Indonesia). We understand that any such
The Australian Government is not in a position drawing this request to your attention for actio	
If you choose to bring this request from Ms Co employees or contractors, they should be infor Anyone who wishes to assist on a voluntary be advice before doing so, particularly if the assis	med that providing assistance is voluntary. asis should be advised to seek independent lega
Any person who wishes to provide voluntary a	assistance can contact Ms Corby's lawyers at:
Hotman Paris & Partners	
Summitmas Tower I, 18th Floor	
Summitmas Tower I, 18 th Floor Jelan Jenderal Sudirman Kavling 61-62	

The Australian Government does not undertake to pay the costs incurred by any person who provides voluntary assistance in this matter. Yours sincerely CHRIS ELLISON Senator for Western Australia 2

Whilst the terminology could not be considered to be encouraging of a positive response, it did initiate an evidential dialogue.

SACL's formal position was documented in a response dated 5^{th} July 2005:

		A Company
Chairman Chief Executiva Officer		Sydney Airport Corporation Limited
5 July 2005		
Senator the Hon. Minister for Justic Parliament House	e and Customs	
CANBERRA ACT		
By facsimile: (02)	6273 7098	
Dear Minister,		
I refer to your lette	er dated 27 June 2006.	
We confirm that, a Limited (SACL) st	after making further enquirin laff yesterday upon receipt	es of relevant Sydney Airport Corporation of your letter:
(a) none of our domestic fly 2004; and	staff had contact with Ms C ght to her Australian Airliner	Corby during her transfer from a Qantas s international flight to Ball on 8 October
(b) none of our role in relation	staff had direct contact with on to the handling of bagge	n Ms Corby's luggage on that day as SACL's age for international flights is to:
alrtine's	the baggage handling infra ground handler (in this rega at Sydney Airport); and	structure for use by each international and, Cantas ground handles Australian
Sydney	Night Patrol & Inquiry Co P	resented to our screening contractor, ty Ltd (SNP Security) by airlines/ground eening requirements set out in Division 4 of gulations 2005 (Cth).
Baggage handling handler.	g operations is the responsi	ibility of the relevant airline and its ground
numbers and reg whether we held	uested that we search our b any record for one of those	rovided to us in late 2004 four baggage tag baggage screening records to establish bags, being an oversized bag with the I Mr Rasa in writing on 22 December 2004
		•
Т	Sydney Airport Corporation Lin	

that we had undertaken an analysis of the checked baggage screening data for Ms Corby's flight on 8 October 2004 and confirmed to him that no baggage bag number for the oversized (out-of-gauge) bag was stored at any time by our system. We did, however, locate screening data for the other 3 beggage tag numbers provided by Mr Rasa. In view of the fact that the presentation of bags for screening is the responsibility of the relevant airline and its baggage handler, and that Qantas in this instance was the only entity that could confirm the baggage tag number provided by Mr Rasa for the oversized bag was in fact issued to Ms Corby, we advised Qantas and the Department of Transport's Office of Transport Security of the results of our engulies. SACL regrets that it appears that it cannot be of direct assistance to Ms Corby or her lawyers in this particular instance. We wish to reiterate that we will continue to cooperate with any further requests from Ms Corby's lawyers and federal agencies in relation to this matter. Yours sincerely, Max Moore-Wilton, AC

Clearly, informing Schapelle Corby's lawyer that SACL had no screening data for the boogie-board bag, is significantly different to informing him that it was absent for ONLY the boogie-board bag.

This point was not lost on the recipient of this email, Justice & Customs Minister Ellison, as he referred to it in a subsequent letter to AFP Commissioner Keelty (see *The Transit Report* for further details).

Also, Moore-Wilton repeatedly distances SACL from the core issue. He states that "none of our staff had direct contact with Ms Corby's luggage", and he emphasises the role of Qantas by stating that, "Baggage handling operations is the responsibility of the relevant airline", and that, "Qantas in this instance was the only entity that could confirm the baggage tag number...."

It is thus not unreasonable to state that the impression created, was that the baggage omission resulted from the non-presentation of the boogie-board bag by Qantas.

The core information, that Schapelle Corby's boogie-board bag was the only one for which screening data was not present on the SACL system, was discussed between Ellison and Keelty, on 6^{th} July 2005:

PROTECTED Sub Number]
Australian Federal Police	-
ADS: 17 864 931 143	
AFP Ref: 3334222 Ministerial Brief	
Minister through Deputy Commissioner	
INFORMATION RECEIVED CONCERNING THE BAGGAGE SCREENING OF MS SCHAPELLE CORBY'S LUGGAGE TAGS	
Deadline: Priority.	
Purpose: For information.	
Recent Submissions: 4457 of 25 November 2004, 284 of 28 January 2005, 1194 of 29 March 2005, 1468 of 18 April 2005, 1487 of 19 April 2005.	
Information:	
On 6 July 2005, the AFP was provided with a copy of a letter addressed to you from the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Sydney Airport Corporation Limited (SACL), Mr Max Moore-Wilton. The letter dated 5 July 2005, outlined inquiries conducted by SACL in response to a request by Mr Rasa, former defence lawyer for Ms Corby. Mr Rasa's request related to the baggage screening records for Ms Corby flight on 8 October 2005.	
2. In response to Mr Rasa's request, Mr Moore-Wilton advised baggage tag number 0881884193 (oversized bag) was at no time stored or recorded in their baggage screening system. Mr Moore-Wilton indicated only Qantas could confirm the passenger to which this baggage tag number relates. Mr Moore-Wilton has advised Qantas and the Department of Transport and Regional Security (DOTARS) of this matter.	
3. The AFP and Queensland Police Service (QPS) formed a joint team to investigate specific allegations made by remand prisoner Mr John Ford. Mr Ford alleged Ms Corby was the unwitting victim of an interstate drug trafficking syndicate involving corrupt `	
4. The AFP and QPS investigation did not identify any evidence to support Mr Ford's allegation that Mr Ron Vigenser and baggage handlers in Brisbane were part of an interstate trafficking ring.	
5. At no stage has the AFP received advice from Ms Corby's defence team, SACL, Qantas or DOTARS of any information concerning the issue of the baggage tag number.	
Consultation: QPS.	

[SACL]

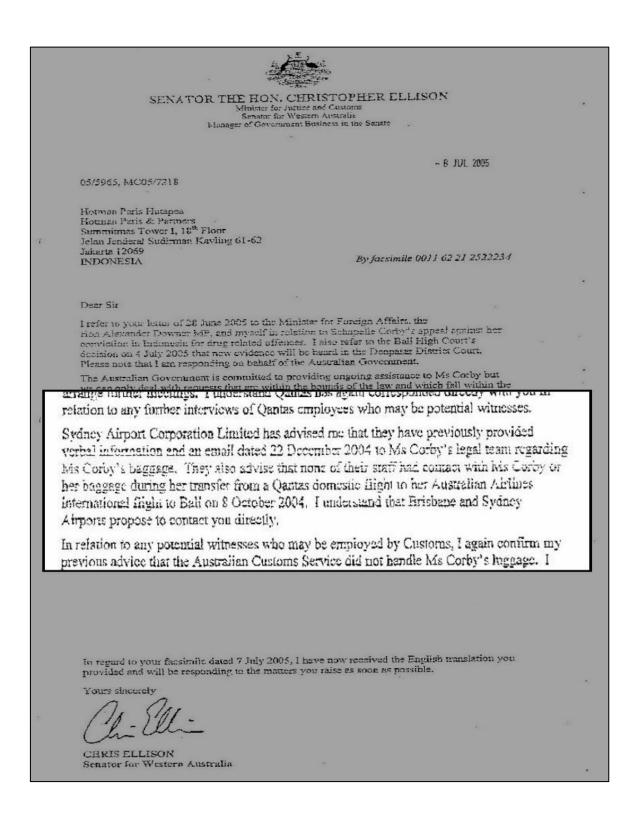
IROIEC	CTED
Future Action:	
The AFP investigation in relation to the allegation do not intend to reopen its investigation. Should seeking more information on the issues raised in will respond based on the nature of that request.	a Mutual Assistance request be received
Expected Reaction: This matter continues to re-	ceive significant media attention.
Recommendation: Note the contents of this bri	ef.
Noted	(Signed) Mark Walters National Manager
	Border and International 6 July 2005

It is clear that at this point, SACL, Qantas, DOTARS, Ellison and Keelty, were all well aware of the situation. Ellison and Keelty were demonstrably aware of its significance to Schapelle Corby.

However, as detailed in *The Transit Report*, Ellison withheld the information, when directly confronted by Schapelle Corby's lawyer.

Just two days later, he referred to the baggage collectively: "*none of their staff had contact with Ms Corby or her baggage during her transfer*", and made no reference whatsoever to the central discovery:

[SACL]



Five days later, Ellison again failed to convey the central information, and referred the lawyer to other organisations:

SENATOR THE HON. CHRISTOPHER ELLISON Minister for Justice and Customs Senator for Western Australia Manager of Government Business in the Senare 05/5965 13 July 2005 Houman Paris Hutapea Houman Paris & Partners Summiuman Tower 1, 18th Floor Jelan Jenderal Sudirman Kayling 61-62 Jakana 12069 INDONESIA By facsimile 0011 62 21 2522234 Dear Sir I refer to your letters of 6 July 2005, 12 July 2005 and 13 July 2005 to the Prime Minister, the Hon John Howard MP, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, the Hon Alexander Downer MP, myself and others about the collection of evidence for Ms Schapelle Corby's appeal. 1 understand new evidence will be heard in the Denpasar District Court on 20 July 2005. I am adian to your three leners on bohalf of the Australian Governme Potential witnesses - Syaney and Brishanc Airport employees You also raised issues relating to Sydney and Brisbane airports in your letter of 28 June 2004 and I advised in my response of & July 2005 that I had contacted the Sydney and Brisbane Airpon authorities. In that lener I provided you with details of the response from the Sydney Airport Corporation. I understand that these organisations have been in contact with you. You should continue to liaise directly with those organisations, if you wish employees from these organisations to give evidence, or you require further information in relation to the role of airports in the area of CCTV and the X-raying of baggage. Victoria. As I have previously stated, under Australian law such persons can only be transferred to Indonesia to give evidence if a mutual assistance request is received from indonesia, and they consent to do so. In the absence of a mutual assistance request, it is only possible for these people to give evidence from Australia by means of a written statement or via video link. They would have Parliament House Camberra ACT 2000 Facsimile (02) 6273 1 Telephone (03) 6277 7269

Subsequently, the following response was prepared for Parliament, in case he was challenged on the non-screening of the boogie-board bag:

Schape	Possible Parliamentary Question—Minister for Justice and Customs Schapelle Corby – appeal to the Bali High Court Possible question			
	asked whether the Australian Government is aware that Schapelle Corby's boogie ard was not screened at Sydney Airport			
•	The Australian Government is aware of comments about the screening of Ms Corby's boogie board bag at Sydney Airport.			
•	Screening of checked baggage at the International Terminal at Sydney Airport is carried out by Sydney Airport Corporation Ltd (SACL).			
٠	I understand SACL informed Ms Corby's lawyers about this issue as early as October 2004.			
,	On 12 June 2005 the Minister for Justice and Customs wrote to Ms Corby's lawyers suggesting they approach the operators of Sydney and Brisbane Airports regarding the handling of her luggage in Australia.			
•	I understand that SACL has had continued contact with Ms Corby's lawyers about the handling of Ms Corby's baggage.			
•	It is important to note that the screening of checked baggage for flights leaving Australia is undertaken for aviation security purposes. The screening process is not intended to detect drugs.			

It is clear that yet again, there was no intention to confirm the critical information: that the boogie-board bag was the only one not screening.

As of September 2011, neither Schapelle Corby nor her family have ever been made aware that the boogie-board bag was the only one not screened in Sydney.

6. Findings & Conclusions

The self interest agenda documented in the previous sections speaks for itself. All parties sought to pass blame and responsibility to others for the serious screening failures, and thus, the undoubted corruption and criminality behind it at Sydney airport.

Schapelle Corby's interests were simply dismissed, as party after party abrogated responsibility.

Politically, there was also a significant degree of orchestration. The following, for example, illustrates how the government sought to *"consolidate"* responses from even private commercial entities:

```
Sent: Tuesday, 16 November 2004 12:18 PM
To: Turner Andy
Subject: CONSULAR-IN-CONFIDENCE: Schapelle Corby
Importance: High
Dear Dr Turner
I am updating the DFAT PPQ for Schapelle Corby and am hoping to consolidate a response
to cover the AFP, Australian Customs, DOTARS and Qantas. I have approached each
organisation separately.
I wanted to know if it would be possible to include something on DOTARS
response to Ms Corby's lawyers. I have spoken to Tim Chapman from Customs
and he advised me that DOTARS is responsible for screening luggage departing Australia
and that he advised Ms Corby's lawyers to contact you.
Can you please give me a call to disuss DOTARS response to Ms Corby's lawyers.
Regards
Charles Farrugia
Director
Consular Operations Section
Public Diplomacy Consular and Passports Division Department of Foreign Affairs and
Trade The R.G. Casey Building John McEwen Crescent BARTON A.C.T. 0221
Telephone: 02 - 6261 3192
Facsimile: 02 - 6112 3192
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The most pivotal role, however, was that of Justice & Customs Minister Ellison.

He was in regular correspondence with Schapelle Corby's lawyer, and even when asked directly about baggage screening, he failed to disclose the vital information that only the boogie-board bag wasn't screened. As a lawyer, he must have been well aware of its significance. He also failed to disclose this information to Parliament or, directly to Schapelle Corby's family when they approached the government.

Ellison's role in the overall case is documented throughout *The Expendable Project*. However, even without the benefit of this information, Schapelle Corby's Indonesian lawyer was frustrated enough to call upon the Australian Prime Minister to set up a commission into his conduct:

Law Firm	ARTNERS QUECEIVED
HOTMAN PARIS & PA	
OUR REF: 0364/888.01/HP&P	YOUR REF: (2 4 AUG 2005)
23 August 2005	MCU
THE HON. JOHN HOWARD MP Prime Minister of Australia Parliament House – Australia Canberra Fax No. 61-2-6273 2923	
SENATOR THE HON. CHRISTOPHER ELLISON Minister for Justice and Customs Parliament House Canberra ACT 2600 Fax: +61 2 6273 7098	OFFICE OF THE PRIME MINISTER RECEIVED IN CANBERRA 2 3 AUG 2005 Referred to
THE HON. ALEXANDER DOWNER, MP Minister for Foreign Affairs of Australia Ministerial Office Parliament House Canberra Fax: +61 2 6273 4112	AS SB NW
SENATOR THE HON. CHRISTOPHER ELLISON	
I strongly request to the Australian public to set u	p a commission in order to proof that with
Christopher Ellison have given us difficult time and	publicly made false statement.
Thank you for your kind attention.	
Sincerely yours. Solicitor for Ms. Schapelle Leigh Corby HOTMAN FARIS & PARTNERS	
3	
Baris Hotman, S.H., M.Hum.	

The role of the Australia Federal Police is also worthy of additional note. AFP Commissioner Keelty was aware of all the pertinent facts, along with other critical information, such as the contents of the *Kessing Reports*. He too failed to disclose this to Schapelle Corby or her family.

Further information on this, and other aspects pertaining to the events at Sydney Airport on 8th October 2004, are documented in *The Transit Report*: <u>http://www.expendable.tv/2011/09/transit-report.html</u>



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